

ecology and environment, inc.

160 SPEAR STREET, SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA 94105, TEL. 415/777-2811

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SFUND RECORDS CTR 162748

International Specialists in the Environment

MEMORANDUM

TO:	Paul La Courreye, EPA Region IX			
FROM:	James M. James, Ecology and Environment, Inc.			
DATE:	August 31, 1992			
SUBJECT:	Completed Work, Work Assignment No. 20-18-9J00			
CC:	Lisa Nelson, Work Assignment Manager Wenona Garside, EPA Contract Officer Rob Stern, EPA Project Officer			
Attached is	the following completed:			
PA	SI PA Review SI Review X			
NPL Prioritization SWIFT PA SWIFT SI				
Other				
Site Name: Nanabah Vandever Abandoned Uranium/Vandium Mine				
EPA ID #: NND986669109 4228				
City, County: Prewitt, McKinley				
Latitude:	35° 20′ 47" Longitude: 107° 57′ 00"			
State Recommendation: Appears Eligible for the National Priorities List (for Reviews only)				
FOR EPA USE ONLY				
CERCLIS Lead: 5 51-1 Complete				

sw/nv/cwm

recycled paper

12/10 192 RW



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SITE INSPECTION REVIEW

SUBMITTED TO:	Paul La Courreye, EPA Region IX Site Assessment Manager			
PREPARED BY:	Su-san Wen, Ecology and Environment, Inc. 20			
DATE:	August 31, 1992			
SITE:	Nanabah Vandever, prepared by Patrick Antonio of the Navajo Superfund Program, dated March 30, 1992			
EPA ID#:	NND986669109			
E & E REVIEW/CONCURRENCE: Karen fadd 9/1/92				
RCRA STATUS				
Generator	Small Quantity Generator Transporter			
TSDX	Not Listed in RCRA Database			
HRS CONSIDERATIONS				
cubic yards of tai	Energy (DOE) claim, consisting of approximately 68,370 lings material is not considered in this evaluation. The e evaluated as a federal facility site.			
	roundwater samples collected from wells in the area, an elease of contaminants to groundwater has not been			

o Approximately 577 people live within 4 miles of the site.

Surface water is not used for drinking, recreation, or

documented for the site.

irrigation.

contamination.

0

o

There are no residents within 200 feet of an area of observed

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COMMENT

The SI author considered the DOE claim in his evaluation of the site while E & E did not consider the claim as part the of site. This accounts for the difference in the recommendations. E & E also evaluated the site based on post-reclamation conditions.

There appears to be a discrepancy between the number of groundwater targets given in the report and the number of targets used in the scoresheets. Only drinking water wells should be considered when evaluating the nearest well factor. A distribution of the number of people within 4 miles of the site should be provided in the report. The reference for the population within 4 miles of the site should be provided.

CONCLUSIONS				
X Appears to be ineligible for National Priorities List				
Potentially eligible for National Priorities Li	st			
STATE RECOMMENDATION				
No Further Remedial Action Planned under CERCLA				
X Further Remedial Action Planned under CERCLA				
Potentially eligible for National Priorities Li	st			
EPA RECOMMENDATION				
•	<u>Initial</u>	Date		
No Further Remedial Action Planned under CERCLA	Prl	12,10.92		
Higher-Priority for Further Site Assessment				
Lower-Priority for Further Site Assessment	No.			
Defer to Other Authority (e.g., RCRA, TSCA, NRC)				
Notes: Post Removal Rodiation	levels			
Notes: Post Pernoval Rodiation are protective of human the environment.	- healt	t +		

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